The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

NUMB. 97

Thurſday, *NOVEMBER* 11, 1731.

An ODE for his MAJESTY's BIRTH-DAY.

WHEN Charles, from Anarchy's retreat,
Reſum'd the Regal ſeat:
When (hence, by frantick Zealots driv'n)
Our holy Church, our Laws,
Returning with the Royal Cauſe,
Rais'd up their thankful eyes to Heaven.
Then hand in hand,
To bleſs the land,
Protection, with obedience came,
And mild oblivion wav'd revenge,
For wrongs of civil flame.

Wild, and wanton, then, our joys,
Loud, as raging war before:
All was triumph, tuneful noiſe,
None, from Heaven, could hope for more.

Brother, Son, and Father foes,
Now embracing, bleſs their home:
Who ſo happy, could ſuppoſe
Happier days were ſtill to come?

But providence, that better knows
Our wants, than we,
Previous to thoſe,
(Which human wiſdom could not, then, foreſee)
Did, from the pregnant former day,
A race of happier Reigns, to come, convey.

* The Sun, we ſaw precede,
Thoſe mighty joys reſtor'd,
Gave to our future need,
From great PLANTAGENET a * Lord.

From whoſe high veins this greater day aroſe,
A ſecond GEORGE, to fix our world's repoſe.
From CHARLES reſtor'd, ſhort was our term of bliſs,
But GEORGE from GEORGE entails our happineſs.

From a heart, that abhors the abuſe of high pow'r,
Are our liberties duly defended;
From a courage, inflam'd by the terrors of war,
With his fame is our commerce extended.

Let our publick high ſpirits be rais'd, to their height,
Yet our Prince, in that virtue will lead 'em.
From our welfare, he knows, that his glory's more bright;
As obedience enlarges our freedom.

What ties can bind a grateful people more,
Than ſuch diffus'd benevolence of pow'r?

If private views could more prevail,
Than ardour, for the publick weal,
Then had his native, martial heat,
In arms ſeduc'd him to be great.

But Godlike virtue, more inclin'd
To ſave, than to deſtroy,
Deems ſuperior joy,
To lead in chains of peace, the mind.

With ſong, ye BRITONS, lead the day!
Sing! ſing the morn, that gave him breath,
Whoſe virtues never ſhall decay,
No, never, never taſte of death.

CHORUS.

When tombs and trophies ſhall be duſt,
Fame ſhall preſerve the Great and Juſt.

* *King* GEORGE I. *born* May 28, 1660.

1. *Anarchy's retreat* having uſurp'd *the Regal ſeat*, K. CHARLES drove away that *Retreat*, and ſo *reſum'd*, &c.

2. He *reſum'd* this *Regal Seat*, becauſe he had never ſate in it before.

4. This is a great encomium upon *our Laws*, to attribute *eyes* to them, tho' *Juſtice* is blind.

10. Inſtead of *Revenge* read *Demand*; otherwiſe it is not Rhyme: and if you take away the rhyme, you take away all the Poetry.

15. How could they hope for *more* than *tuneful noiſe*?

16. This I imagine ſhould rather be *Mother, Son*, and *Father Foes*.

22. *Previous to thoſe*, viz. *wants*. Admirable!

24. *Pregnant* here means *labouring* or *travailing*: for it is plain from what follows, that this *day* was not only *pregnant*, but actually in *labour*, and at laſt happily *brought a bed* of a *Race of Reigns*. — But what *day* was this *former day*, there being no *day* mentioned hitherto to which it was *former*? The note upon the next ſtanza ſhews it to be May 28.

29. Was K. George I. a *Plantagenet*, any otherwiſe than by being a *Stuart*?

32. For *Bliſs* read *Eaſe* or *Peace*: the ſenſe will be as good, and the rhyme better.

34. It ſeems ſomewhat odd, that *our Liberties ſhould be duly defended from a Heart*, &c. In this and the 36th verſe, *From* is by a Figure put for *By*.

39. It is very difficult to know what *virtue* is meant by *that virtue*: I take it to be *publick high Spirits*.

54, 55. The repetition of the emphatical word *never* puts me in mind of 2 verſes in an old ſong, which pleaſed me much when a Boy:

Nor never, never, never ſhall until I dye;
For the longer I live, the greater Fool am I.

To FRANCIS WALSINGHAM Eſq;

SIR,

IN your *Free Briton* of thurſday laſt, *Nov.* 4. you have thought fit to make very *free* with the *Common Council*, and even with the *Lord Mayor* and Court of *Aldermen* of this great City. The *Lord Mayor* and *Aldermen* are ſneered, the one for receiving, and the others for unanimouſly giving him their thanks for his *prudent, virtuous*, and *able* Adminiſtration in the Chair. And *Alderman* BARNARD in particular is largely complained of, both for not ſooner preſenting a *Petition* he had received, and for not recommending it copiouſly by his admirable Eloquence. But the *Common Council* is repreſented as guilty of a very great crime, in refuſing to read this *Petition, praying leave to erect an Equeſtrian ſtatue of* King WILLIAM, *on the ground in Cheap-ſide, where the Conduit formerly ſtood*; which Negative was carried by 77 againſt 25, being above 3 to 1. This you charge upon them as a moſt ungrateful and heinous *act of indignity done to King* William's *memory*, which you exaggerate with much oratorical tautology. To pull down a Statue already erected to the memory of any perſon, unleſs ſome neceſſity or convenience require it, is, I own, *an act of indignity* to that perſon's *memory*: but barely to oppoſe the erecting of ſuch a ſtatue, cannot be in itſelf *an act of indignity*, unleſs accompanied with ſome opprobrious circumſtances. There may be ſeveral reaſons for oppoſing ſuch a deſign, which if given we may canvaſs and debate. But if a body of men, in whoſe power it is to grant or reject a Petition, ſhall do the latter without aſſigning any reaſons, it is a great inſtance of indignity towards them, to paſs a ſevere cenſure upon their conduct.

'The *Petition*, you ſay, was ſurely the moſt modeſt 'and reaſonable Prayer, that ever was offered to any Aſ'ſembly in the world. Have you made an exact calculation of all the *Prayers that* have been *offered* to every *Aſſembly in the world*, and throughly conſidered the reaſonableneſs of them? Or is this only an Hyperbole, thrown out at random, chiefly to help to fill up a page?

You put the Citizens in mind of the great benefits they received by King William, 'To him, you ſay, you owe 'the very being of a free City; the very firſt act of power 'which he executed in this Country, was to reſtore the 'government of your City to your own Citizens; he gave 'you a Charter in his Legiſlative capacity, by an Act of 'Parliament, exempted from every thing which had once 'made it precarious or dependent on the power of Courts. —Now, if we are a *free City*, if *the government* of this *City* belongs *to our own Citizens*, if our *Charter* exempts us from all *precarioufneſs and dependency on the power of Courts*; what authority has any Courtier to ſet himſelf up for a Judge of any acts done by a Body of men, giving their votes freely, according to the power confirmed to them by that very *Charter*? How much leſs can any Dependent on a Courtier have a right to concern himſelf in matters of this nature? — The Common Council have a right to receive or reject any Petition that may be offered to them; which indeed the very nature of a Petition ſuppoſes in thoſe to whom it is preſented; who may either read it or lay it aſide, without aſſigning any reaſon for ſo doing: and no perſon has any authority to demand one of them, or to cenſure them for not aſſigning one.

To appeal from them to the Citizens in their *unrepreſented Body*, and to intimate, that if their *opinions* were *taken by a poll*, the determination would be directly contrary, is (to ſpeak tenderly of it) extremely inſolent; and if the intimation were probably true, which it is not in the leaſt, would be nothing at all to the purpoſe. But an appeal from the perſons repreſenting, to thoſe repreſented, is really a very illegal and ſeditious way of proceeding, and tends to overturn all regular government, and to introduce confuſion. Apply this to the Repreſentatives of the People in Parliament, or aſſign a reaſon why it may not as well be extended to them, as to the Repreſentatives of the City. Do the caſes differ any otherwiſe than in the degrees of confuſion, which in one may be more extenſive than in the other? — 'If the unrepreſented Body 'were conſulted, no man, you ſay, can pretend to doubt, 'that their zeal would riſe in a manner ſuitable to the 'importance of the occaſion. And leſt this ſhould not be enough to ſtir them up to ſedition, you ask them directly, 'Will you ſuffer any men to meet and act in this 'manner, and in your name even in the Guild-Hall of 'London? — Who are your Common Council men? 'Who are they, Gentlemen, that have uſed their Fellow-'Citizens and you, in this arbitrary and imperious manner? They are men, that are neither wiſer nor better 'than yourſelves: they are your ſervants, your Truſtees. '— From you they have receiv'd all the power they 'have, to you they muſt reſign it, and become accountable for it — and I hope you ſpeedily will call them to 'account. ——— Here give me leave, Sir, to interrogate you a little in your own ſtrain. Pray, Sir, *who are you? Who* is this Letter Writer, *that has uſurp'd* the whole Commonalty of the City of London in their Repreſentative Body, *in this arbitrary and imperious* vile and outrageous *manner?* Are you a Gentleman? Are you a Citizen? Are you even a Tradeſman? Where do you live? In fine Apartments at the other end of the Town, or in a garret in Grub-ſtreet? You ſeem to be a man *neither wiſer, nor better*, than any among ourſelves: nay, much worſe, in ſeveral reſpects, not even a *Livery-man* or *Free-man* of London, but a *Livery Servant*, a Hireling, and an Incendiary.

The only way to make it evident, that you do not juſtly come under any of theſe denominations, is, when you 'print the names of our *Common Council*, for our 'better information, as you threaten us, to print likewiſe your own name, *for our better information*, that we may enquire into your character, fortune, and ſtation in the world. For really we have very little opinion of you as an Author, your works ſeldom coming into our hands; and thoſe few that we have ſeen of them being too verboſe and prolix for perſons engaged in buſineſs. Beſides, we are well aſſured, that had your Weekly Lucubrations been ſupported only by the weekly demand for them from private Perſons, they muſt neceſſarily have ceaſed long ago.

You affirm roundly, that 'It was one of the moſt vio-'lent and arbitrary procedures that ever was attempted in 'a free City. You aſk 'What more can be done, after 'refuſing leave to erect King *William*'s Statue, unleſs leave 'ſhould be given to erect the *Pretender*'s in the ſame place? And you declare. 'I know of no Aſſembly of men in the 'world, who call themſelves Engliſhmen, capable of acting 'in this manner, unleſs I ſhould name the *Pretender*'s Pri-'vy Council. —— Since the *Common Council* of London 'are, as you yourſelf affirm, a great Body of men, how come you, who are in all appearance but a *little* Perſon, to have the confidence to abuſe them in this manner? How dare you to charge them with diſaffection to the preſent Government? and, not content to endeavour to prejudice the Inhabitants of this City againſt chuſing the ſame perſons for the future, ſeditiouſly attempt to ſtir them up againſt them, even whilſt they are their legal Repreſentatives? Sure, as nothing but your imaginary *greatneſs* could puff you up to this inſolence: ſo nothing but your real *littleneſs* can ſcreen you from their juſt reſentments.

'If King JAMES, as you aſſure us, arbitrary as a *Turk-'iſh* Monarch, made a free People worſe than *Turkiſh* 'Slaves (to do which one would have thought he muſt have been a little *more* arbitrary than a *Turkiſh* Monarch) 'if he impiouſly ſeized on our ancient rights with the 'moſt prophane and barbarous hands; and if on this account we were then in a worſe State than *Turkiſh* Slaves; in what ſtate can we reckon ourſelves now, when a private, inconſiderable, unknown perſon, ſhall thus openly attack our rights in print, and endeavour to take away the freedom of our votes in *Common Council*? And not only ſo, but cenſure and arraign our conduct, accuſe us of arbitrary proceedings, of diſaffection to the Government, and endeavour to excite thoſe whom we repreſent to ſeditious

and tumultuous insurrections against us? If in the one state we saw a Lion ready to tear our *Charter* in pieces; in this other we cannot but see an Ass endeavouring to trample it under his feet. And tho' the former case might be the more dangerous, the latter certainly is the more ignominious.

Cheapside, Nov. 8. 1731. J. B.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant.* | E P. *Evening Post.*
P. *Post-Boy.* | S J. *S. James's Evening Post.*
D P. *Daily Post.* | WE. *Whitehall Evening P.*
D J. *Daily Journal.* | LE. *London Evening Post.*

THURSDAY, *Nov.* 4.

Yesterday No. 71,831 was drawn a prize of 3000 l. *C. P. DP.* We hear it belongs to Benj. Lethieullier, Esq; *DJ.* — It fell to Mr. Becher, Salter, in Bread-street, Brother to Sir Edward. *WE.* —— No. 60,784, which came up a prize of 5000 l. friday last fell to Mr. Heathcote, Nephew to Sir Gilbert. *EP. SJ.*

On monday a match was run at Newmarket, between L. Portmore's Victorious, and Mr. Fleetwood's Fox-hunter, for 2100 l. and was won by the former. *DJ.*

Since the Committee appointed by the Common Council disposed of 3000 l. of the 3177 l. Sir Rob. Baylis, Ald. of Bread-street ward, paid in 150 l. for the said ward; and yesterday another sum was paid in for the same good purpose. —— We hear the worshipful Company of Carpenters, at their court on tuesday last, ordered the sum of 50 l. to be given to the poor sufferers at Blandford, Tiverton, and Ramsey. *P.*

Mr. Carr, a Clerk under Sir Char. Turner in the Exchequer, is made Deputy Treasurer of the stamp duties: and Mr. Wright, of the stamp office, succeeds Mr. Carr. *DP.*

Yesterday about noon a man fell from the top of the steeple of the New Church in the Strand; he was taken up and put into a chair, but supposed not to be much hurt. *DP.*

All the buildings at the Horse-guards are to be pulled down next summer, in order to be rebuilt in a very commodious manner, the Pay-office to be on one side of the gate-way, and the War-office on the other, with large piazza's facing the parade for the conveniency of drawing up the Guards in wet weather. *SJ.*

Last night died at his house in Arlington-street, after a tedious indisposition, Col. Dean. *DP.*

Bath, Oct. 31. This morning, between 10 and 11, a duel was fought with pistols in Harrison's Walks, between Mr. Bazil Prise of this City, Merchant, 2d son of Will. Prise, Esq; formerly Knight of the shire for the County of Hereford, and one Mr. Charles Jones, late a Fellow of New College in Oxford, who about 5 years since quitted his Fellowship, and came down here with 200 l. and won upwards of 4000 l. but his good fortune not continuing, was reduced to the stage The night before, Mr. Prise and he were at a Billiard Table, and agreed to play a game for half a crown, which Mr. Prise won, and demanded his money; but Jones said he would owe him half a crown; whereupon Mr. Prise growing angry, kicked him down stairs. Jones went out of the house, and wrote him a challenge. Mr. Prise discharged his pistol first, but missed him; when Jones, as 'tis said, went up to him, and shot him under the right pap, so that he never spoke afterwards, but expired in about 10 minutes. Jones made his escape immediately: the Coroner's inquest brought in their verdict Wilful Murder, the challenge being found in Mr. Prise's pocket. *DJ.*

FRIDAY, *Nov.* 5.

Yesterday at the meeting of the Royal Society, the R. Hon. the L. Petre, Baron of Writtle in Essex, was admitted a Fellow; and Will. Fellows, of Lincoln's-Inn, Esq; passed the ordeal, after having been posted up 10 weeks, and was elected. A letter was read from the Rev. Mr. Wasse, Rector of Aynho in Northamptonshire, to Dr. Mead, by whom it was communicated to the Royal Society, giving an account of one shock of an earthquake, perceived at Aynho, Adderbury, Bloxham, Banbury, &c. which did no mischief, except terrifying those who felt it. *DP.*

Yesterday morning Sir John Gonson, Justice Railton, &c. examined several rogues, vagabonds, and idle and disorderly persons, apprehended late on wednesday night, 4 of whom were committed to Tothill-Fields Bridewell. 2 dangerous and desperate fellows and midnight bullies, were also committed for knocking down the watch at Charing-cross, &c. *P.* — Mid-night Bullies *may, perhaps, be* dangerous and desperate fellows, *tho'* mid-day Bullies *are not.*

The said Justices bound over the Keeper of the Gatehouse prison at Westminster, to the next Sessions, for beating and inhumanly using his prisoners, *P. DP. DJ.*

Mr. Baker is appointed City-Labourer, in the room of Mr. John Kite, deceased. *C.*

SATURDAY, *Nov.* 6.

Yesterday being the anniversary thanksgiving for our happy deliverance from the Gun powder Treason in 1605, the same was observed with the usual solemnity. *DP.*

The same day No. 43,244, was drawn a prize of 1000 l. *C.*

The same day there was a board of Admiralty, when their Lordships appointed Dr. Cockburn, now Physician to the fleet under Sir Cha. Wager, to be Physician to the Royal Hospital at Greenwich. —— The Governors of the Charter-house chose the Rev. Mr. Hoskins, second Master of the school. *P.*

In several papers of tuesday last 'twas said, that the report of the Malefactors condemned last Sessions had been made to his Majesty the day before, &c. all which, we are assured, is entirely without foundation. *C.* —— *This piece of news was in the* P. DP.

The late fall of India Stock has made sad havock in Exchange-Alley; and the *difference* is so great to some, that it is question'd whether they'll be able to make it up. *DP.*

Letters from Newmarket say, that at the last meeting Play was very deep; and that on saturday and sunday last about 16,000 l. was won by 2 Gentlemen of figure. *DP.* —— Two Gentlemen *with* 16,000 l. won *partly on a* sunday, *must necessarily make a* figure.

The house of the Lord Waldegrave in Albemarle-street, is now fitting up for his Lordship, who is daily expected from France. *P.*

We hear that the Trial of Mr. Franklin is put off *sine die. P.*

Last week Mr. Will. Brown, of Wadham College in Oxford, was married at Queenhith Church, to Miss Wallis of Queen-street, near Golden-square, an agreeable young Lady of 20,000 l. fortune. *DJ.* —— *The word* agreeable *is superfluous.*

On monday evening a Countryman riding by Snare-brook Bottom, near Woodford, was robbed by a single Highwayman of 8 s. He went afterwards to Mr. Thompson's, one of the Keepers upon the forest, and while he was describing the rogue, he was seen to pass at a little distance, whereupon Mrs. Thompson took a gun, mounted her steed, pursued and took him. *DJ.*

A society of neighbours, who meet once a week at the Flying Horse in Moorfields, having purchased a ticket in the present state Lottery, the same came up a prize of 20 l. No. 8471, with which they went to market again, and bought another ticket, No. 49,227, which was drawn a prize on thursday of 100 l. fortune proving so kind to them, they are still pursuing her for one of the 10,000 l. *C.*

The prize of 1000 l. drawn yesterday, fell to Capt. Bartholomew Griffin, of Wandsworth, who this evening gives a Ball to all the Ladies of that town on the occasion. *SJ.*

We hear that in consideration of the great hardships and fatigues to which the King's Messengers are exposed in their Voyages and journies to different parts of the world, in the most rigorous seasons, a pension of 30 l. per ann. will be settled on the widows of such of them as shall die in his Majesty's service. *SJ. LE.*

Col. Cosby, Governor of the Leeward Islands, who was lately appointed by his Majesty, Governor of New York, in the room of Governor Montgomery, deceased, is also appointed Vice Admiral of the province of New York. *WE.*

On monday the R. Hon. the L. Anne Hamilton, was married at Kensington Church to Miss Edwards, the rich Heiress of Pall-Mall. a fortune of 100,000 l. and last night the new married couple came to town to their house in Pall-Mall. *WE.*

This morning Sir Rob. Brett, Knt. passing in a Hackney coach thro' Pall-Mall, the same broke down, by which accident himself had the misfortune to break an arm, and his servant, who was behind it, fractured his scull. *LE.*

On thursday evening died Mr. Zinzan, a Gentleman of good estate at Reading, of a wound he received in his leg some days ago, by a pistol going off in his pocket. *DP.*

MONDAY, *Nov.* 8.

The Convocations of Canterbury and York are prorogued to Jan. 5. *DJ.*

On saturday No. 71,361 was drawn a prize of 1000 l. *DP.* It fell to Mr. Cooper, his Majesty's Agent Victualler at Plymouth. *P.*

On thursday night Hen. Worsley, Esq; late Governor of Barbadoes, arrived from that Island, at Cowes in the Isle of Wight. He came from Barbadoes Sept. 21. *DJ.*

At the Theatre now erecting in Covent-Garden, as the workmen were raising one of the rafters, the tackling breaking, it fell on the main beams, and threw down one man who is since dead; and another was slightly hurt: but no damage whatever happened to the roof, or any other part of the building. *P.*

We hear that Mr. Theobald, being now intirely ready to give the publick an edition of Shakespear's Plays, with his remarks and emendations, has articled with Mr. Tonson for publishing the same in 6 Volumes in 8vo, with all possible dispatch. *DJ.*

TUESDAY, *Nov.* 9.

Their Majesties have declared their Royal intentions of keeping two drawing room nights in the week, during the winter season, viz. Mondays and Fridays. *C. DJ.* —— His Grace the Duke of Newcastle is gone to Houghton, the seat of Sir Rob. Walpole, for 3 days. *DP.*

Yesterday No. 65,564 was drawn a prize of 2000 l. and No. 29,280, and No. 64,912 were drawn prizes of 500 l. each. *C.* &c.

'Tis said that Mr, Thompson, Warehouse-keeper to the Charitable Corporation, hath pass'd the Alps, in his way to Rome, as is supposed. *DJ.*

Bristol, Nov. 6. It was observ'd [in the late duel] that the second pistol was not discharged till a minute after the first. Jones made off in a Clergyman's habit: a reward of 50 l. is offered by Mr. Prise's Father. *P.*

Yesterday morning died of a fever Mr. Geo. Harcourt, of the Crown Office, a young Gentleman of an extraordinary character. *DP.* He was one of the Clerks in that office; his seat which cost upwards of 3000 l. falls to Will. Bellamy, Esq; Master of the said Office. *P.*

They write from Newmarket, that Beau Nash some time since having given a premium of 100 l. to a certain Nobleman, to receive 10,000 l. for it in case the said nobleman should lose at hazard above 2000 l. at one sitting, the penalty was become forfeited; and that a Noble Lord is to receive 3000 l having given a premium on the like account. *LE.* Beau Nash having given a Nobleman a premium of 500 l. to receive 10,000 l. in case the said Nobleman should play at hazard after 12 at night. *SJ.*

There having been several considerable mistakes in all accounts that have been inserted in other news-papers, of the several prizes which are drawn and undrawn in the present State Lottery, we therefore assure the publick, that the following accoubt of the whole to this day is exact; viz. drawn three 5000 l. two 3000 l. three 2000 l. twelve 1000 l. fourteen 500 l. including the first drawn ticket; one hundred and fifty two 100 l. and four thousand eight hundred and forty five 20 l. in all 5031, their total value 157,980 l. Undrawn, two 10,000 l. one 5000 l. two 2000 l. three 1000 l. including the last drawn ticket; eight 500 l; eighty five 100 l. and two thousand eight hundred and seventy 20 l. in all 2971; so that the prizes drawn exceed in number those undrawn 623, and in total value 102,020 l. and there being about 20 prizes in the wheel more than the proportion of one to nine blanks, as at the first, makes the value of an undrawn ticket (which now sells for sixteen pounds) not exceed ten guineas. And the hired chance of an undrawn ticket for one day (call'd horses) which have frequently gone at fifteen and sixteen shillings in Change-alley, have never yet been worth above four shillings. *WE.*

WEDNESDAY, *Nov.* 10.

Since our former account of the loss of the famous Cottonian Library by fire, we hear, that several curious persons, well acquainted with its flourishing state, have been to examine into the nature of the loss, and have already discovered that the greatest part of those invaluable manuscripts are either destroyed by the fire, or irreparably damaged by the water made use of on that occasion, Particularly one of the originals of *Magna Charta*, signed in Runney mead between Staines and Windsor, June 15, 1215, by king John, obliged by the Barons; several antient Papal Bulls, the original Privy Council books (for the clandestine embezzling of which, the founder, Sir Robert Cotton, Bart. was examined in the Star-chamber) and great variety of other valuable manuscripts were perished: such a treasure of English history was here reposited, that no particular nation nor age could boast the like; and the loss is irretrievable, as few copies had been taken of the manuscripts. A clearer view of this treasure may be seen in that excellent and useful Catalogue, drawn up by Dr. Thomas Smith, the former Librarian, one perfectly versed in antiquity of all kinds, to which is prefix'd the state of the Library in 1690. *DP.*

The Rev. Dr. Denn, son-in-law to the Bishop of Rochester, Archdeacon of Rochester, vicar of S. Leonard Shoreditch, and Rector of S. Margaret's Rochester, was lately collated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the living of Lambeth, void by the death of the Rev. Dr. Ibbotson, the last incumbent, *P.*

On saturday the 30th day of October last, one Mrs. Sarah Tuck, a mariner's wife at Rotherhith, was brought to bed of three children, two boys and one girl, which were the next day baptized at Rotherhith church by the Rev. Dr. Lovell, one of his Majesty's Chaplains; and on tuesday following she was delivered of a fourth still-born male-child. *Ibid.*

On monday night John Ellis, who was Turnkey to the Gatehouse prison, and made his escape from a Constable some time ago, being charged with committing a rape on the body of a prisoner under his charge, was taken in Leicester Fields, and being carried before Justice De Veil, was by him committed to Newgate. *P.*

On sunday last died —— Morley Esq; a gentleman possessed of a very plentiful estate, at his lodgings in Lombard street. *Ibid.*

On monday last died Mr. Coe. a very eminent merchant of this City, at his house in Lime street. *P.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

A Bill for the more effectual preventing the clandeſtine Importation and ſale of books, pamphlets, plays, or other compoſitions in proſe or verſe, written, or pretended to be written by any perſon convicted of death.

WHereas divers wicked and evil diſpoſed perſons, being actually dead, have of late contrived and carried on a clandeſtine and unlawful trade, in writing, printing, vending, and publiſhing ſeveral books, pamphlets, plays, and other compoſitions, within theſe kingdoms, to the great detriment and diſcouragement of ſeveral of his Majeſty's living Proteſtant ſubjects; Be it enacted, that from and after the day of next enſuing, no perſon whatſoever, being legally and actually defunct, and ſo adjudged to be by the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Conſtables, or other head officer or officers in all cities, boroughs, towns, pariſhes, and hamlets, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, ſhall preſume to write, print, publiſh, or vend, or cauſe to be written, printed, publiſhed, or vended, any book, pamphlet, play, or other compoſition in proſe or verſe, on pain of having them burnt by the hands of the common hangmen. And any living perſon or perſons aiding, abetting, or aſſiſting perſons ſo really and actually dead, in the writing, printing, publiſhing, importing, or vending ſuch compoſitions, ſhall for every offence forfeit twenty Marks, to be paid into the hands of the Preſident of the Society of Grub-ſtreet, or his deputy or deputies, to be by him, or them, employed and expended to and for the ſole uſe, behoof, emolument, and benefit of that Society.

And whereas ſeveral perſons have aſſumed unto themſelves a power of affixing the names of deceaſed perſons unto their own works, in order to raiſe the price thereof, be it enacted, that if any perſon ſhall be hereof duly convicted, according to law, he or ſhe ſhall ſuffer the puniſhment inflicted on perſons convicted of forgery, and ſhall be held, accounted, and deemed guilty of forgery to all intents and purpoſes.

Provided, nothing herein contained, ſhall be conſtrued to prejudice L. T—, Eſq; or the heirs of his body, lawfully begotten, in any right or title, which he, or they, may have, or pretend to have, of affixing the name of WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE, alias Shakeſpear, to any book, pamphlet, play, or poem, hereafter to be by him, or them, or any other perſon for him, or them, written, made, or deviſed.

And whereas there hath been of late an unlawful practice carried on of ſtealing from perſons dead, poems and verſes, or parts, pieces, and parcels of books, pamphlets, plays, and other compoſitions without any authority for ſo doing; which practice is not only of great and manifeſt detriment and prejudice to the character of the perſons, from whom ſuch works are ſtolen, but alſo helps to fill theſe Kingdoms with uſeleſs, looſe, idle, and diſorderly books, pamphlets, plays, and other compoſitions, and is of great encouragement to ſturdy rogues and beggars; and the ſame not being puniſhable by any law now in force: be it enacted therefore, that if any perſon ſhall be hereof duly convicted, he ſhall be convicted of Felony, and be deemed a felon to all intents and purpoſes, and ſhall ſuffer in all things, as perſons convicted of ſtealing lead from houſes, in purſuance of an Act lately made for that purpoſe.

Provided nevertheleſs, nothing in this clauſe ſhall be conſtrued or deemed to extend to C— C—, Eſq; or any other Poet Laureate for the time being, or to any Governor, manager, or director of any theatre within the bills of mortality; or to J— H— Maſter of arts, and Rorer general in Clare-market.

Some good Whigs late deſign'd by an Act meritorious
To ſet up a ſtatue of King WILLIAM the Glorious:
An Equeſtrian ſtatue, that this Heroe might ride,
Where the Conduit once run at the end of Cheapſide.
The *Council* of Commons, compos'd moſt of ungodly,
Were addreſt with Petition, but rejected it oddly:
For above three to one of theſe Cits being muſty,
* *Nought but No's could be heard from their Voices ſo ruſty*
No reaſon was given: but I've heard of a ſtory;
Which united perhaps votes of Whig and of Tory.
An old lame Fanatic by a Friend had been told,
Of a well mounted Statue, a pen'worth to be ſold;
That was made for King JAMES, and was curiouſly wrought.
On which roſe in his head this ingenious thought.
'This fine Statue, he cries, is as good as a new one:
'All our Friends will ſubſcribe for't, as if 'twere a true one.
'To imitate the Act which our Fathers have done,
'We'll cut off in *effigie* the head of the Son:
'A dry Martyrdom this will reſemble the wet:
'On the ſhoulders the head of our † *Saviour* we'll ſet.
'Thus we well ſhall deceive both our Friends and our Foes:
'Theſe will laugh at the B--ch, while thoſe rev'rence the N--e.

* See *Free Briton* Numb. CI. pag. 4. col. 1. † See pag. 2. col. 1. and pag. 3. col. 2.

Dublin, Oct. 30. On tueſday laſt was found dead in his bed, ſuppoſed of an apoplexy, the R. Hon. Hen. Tickburn Baron Ferrand; and next night his Lordſhip was interred at S. Mary's, in a very decent manner, *C.* &c. 6. — A few days before alſo died Baron Pocklington, a Judge of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in this kingdom. *C. D J.* 6.

Edinburgh, Nov. 1. On friday laſt died in this city in the 74th year of his age, Sir Alex. Gilmore, of Craigguiller, Bar. He married a ſiſter of the R. Hon. the L. Roſe, and had iſſue by her William lately deceaſed, and the now Sir Charles, with 2 daughters. *C. P. D P.* 9.

Extract of a letter from Boſton *in* New-England, *dated Sept.* 28. — Yeſterday a ſhip arrived here from the Bay of Honduras; which place the Spaniards viſited very often while ſhe was there, and took 4 Britiſh veſſels. The Spaniards, came in petty Angers, with which they did not engage this ſhip, ſhe being large. We ſee here a liſt of 9 ſail of Spaniſh Guarde Coſtas fitted, and fitting out of S. Jago de Cuba, and parts adjacent. *D J.* 5.

On Sept. 2. laſt, about 2 in the morning, the magazine of gun-powder, on Brimſtone hill, in the Iſland of S. Chriſtopher's, amounting to about 150 barrels, was fired by lightning, and blew up: ſome Negroes were hurt, and 2 mules were killed in a plantation at the bottom of the hill, (which is exceeding high, and very ſteep) but we don't hear of any other damage done by it. The magazine kept in the ſame place was blown up 27 years before by the ſame cauſe. *D J.* 6.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Nov.* 4.

Vienna, Oct. 27. Our laſt letters from Conſtantinople mention the Son of the depoſed Sultan to have reinforced the army of the Sophy with 30,000 men, and actually lye before Bagdat, which, 'tis apprehended, will be obliged ſhortly to ſurrender. *D P.*

FRIDAY, *Nov.* 5.

Vienna, Oct. 27. N. S. 'Tis given out here, that the Court of Spain has demanded of the Emperor a diſpenſation of age of 2 years, in favour of the Infante Don Carlos, that that Prince, who will be 16 years old, Jan. 20. may, on his arrival in Italy, take upon himſelf the Government of the Dutchies of Parma and Placentia. 'Tis ſtill uncertain whether the D. de Liria will take the character of Embaſſador Extraord. of his Catholick Majeſty, or not. *C.*

Hamburgh, Nov. 2. Our laſt letters from Peterſburgh adviſe, that a liſt of the Muſcovite forces was handed about there, by which it appears that her Czarian Majeſty had 165,000 men in arms, to wit, 55,000 in Muſcovy, 44,000 in the Swediſh Conqueſts, and 66,000 in the kingdom of Aſtracan, and upon the frontiers of Perſia. *C.*

Hague, Nov. 6. From Bourdeaux it is written, that no leſs than 11 fellows of the Jeſuites College there are fled for the deteſtable ſin of Sodomy; and that the Parliament having taken cognizance thereof, had already forbid any more ſcholars to be ſent to that College. *P.* —— *This is for want of* 2 *or* 3 Miſs Cadieres.

Paris, Nov. 7. Orders have been ſent to Toulon, to haſten, 'tis reported, the equipment of ſeveral men of war. *D P.*

SATURDAY, *Nov.* 6.

Bruſſels, Nov. 3. The Oſtend Company's ſtock, which was fallen to 100 1 half, is riſen to 109, which we can attribute to nothing but to the current talk of the erection of a new Eaſt-India Company at Liſbon. *D J.*

Berlin. Oct. 30. The diſcourſe of his Majeſty's acceſſion to the Vienna Treaty ſeems intirely laid aſide. *D P.*

Vienna, Oct. 27. The converſation here runs ſtill very much upon the competition of the Elector Palatine, and the D. de Birkenfeldt, for the ſucceſſion to the Dutchy of Deux-Ponts, ſeveral Roman Catholick Princes, as well as Proteſtants, appear in behalf of the latter, whoſe pretenſions are ſaid to be founded, 1ſt. on the will of the late Duke Wolfgang made in his favour; 2dly, on the confirmation thereof by the Emperor Maximilian; 3dly, on the Conventions entered into by his family for ſettling the right of the Princes de Birkenfeldt to that Dutchy; and 4thly, on the Inveſtiture granted by the Emperor to the ſaid family. *D P.*

MONDAY, *Nov.* 8.

Yeſterday arrived two Mails from France.

Paris, Nov. 10. On the 4th paſt, the Capuchins of Arabidos, 6 leagues from Liſbon, celebrated with great magnificence, the feſtival of S. Francis, their founder. The King of Portugal went thither with his whole Court to divine ſervice, and afterwards treated the whole Convent with a dinner, which was ſerved by his Portugueſe Majeſty, Don Anthony his Brother, the Prince of Brazil, the Duke de Cadaval, and the Lords of the Court. There were 3 Tables of 100 diſhes each: the 2 firſt for 200 Friars, and the 3d for 100 Noviciates, in which were conſumed 20 hogs [porkers *C.*] 200 pigs, 200 turkeys, 200 partridges, and 200 fowls, [pullets *D P.*] *D J.* — *Theſe* Capuchins, *eat, I ſuppoſe, for the whole year: and I fancy the* Waiters *had more diverſion than the* Gueſts, *as frequently happens at great tables*

M. Moncourant formerly a Pariſh Prieſt in the Dioceſe of Chalons, afterwards a Carthuſian Monk, and laſtly Pariſh Prieſt of Vitry le Brule, went away ſome time ago with Mademoiſelle de S. Ouen, a young Lady of diſtinction, a Nun in the Royal Abbey of St. James; and we have ſince heard that they diſguiſed themſelves and retired to Geneva. *C.* &c. — *'Tis probable they may be converted, and make zealous* Presbyterians.

They write from Chalons in Champagne, that there was lately found upon a tree in the village of Changy near Vitry, a wild young woman [a wild girl. *P. D P.*] about 18 years of age, that eats nothing but leaves of trees and raw fleſh. She runs as faſt as a hare, and climbs like a cat. *C. D J.* —— *I take the* Nun *juſt mentioned to be as* wild, *as* ſwift, *and as much* like a cat.

Genoa, Oct. 18. They write from Vollaterra in Tuſcany, that they had lately diſcovered in a field belonging to Dr. Franceſchini, ſeveral ſubterranean Grottos, wrought by the ancient *Etruſci* or Etrurians, in one of which they found 40 urns covered with *Relievo*'s, and placed upon Pedeſtals of exquiſite workmanſhip, *P.*

Paris, Nov. 14. Our laſt letters from Florence adviſe, that the great Duke of Tuſcany had order'd a great road to be made from Florence to Parma, that coaches may conveniently paſs between thoſe places; and that the ſame was actually begun. —— Letters from Seville of 24th *ult.* adviſe, that the Infante Don Carlos proceeded on his way to Italy by ſhort journeys; that he lay the 20th at Carmona. That Prince is to be 47 days going from Seville to Perpignan. *P.* &c.

TUESDAY, *Nov.* 9.

Yeſterday arrived the Mails from Holland.

Seville, Oct. 20. N. S. The troop of horſe, that is to ſerve as his Highneſs's [Don Carlos] Body-guard, will conſiſt of 80 men, and 20 Cadets, making together 100 men, including 4 Exempts, 4 Brigadiers, and 4 Sub-Brigadiers. Don Lelio Caraffa is to be their Captain, the Count de Triulzi Lieutenant, and the Marq. de S. Chriſtina Cornet. Their cloaths and accoutrements are to be almoſt the ſame as the Spaniſh Life-Guards. *C.* The Company of Horſe-Guards to be raiſed for his Highneſs, &c. *D P.* — — *This is the firſt* Company of Horſe-Guards *I have met with. To make his Highneſs*'s Guards *compleat, he ſhould have likewiſe a* Troop of Foot.

Florence, Oct. 23. Some days ago the Great Duke held a long Conference with ſeveral of his Miniſters, upon occaſion of the Guardianſhip of Don Carlos, which has been conferred upon him by the Emperor. *C.*

Leghorn, Oct. 30. Some advices from Baſtia ſay, that upon the Corſican Malecontents refuſing to accept of a pardon offered on condition they laid down their arms, the Genoeſe and Imperial troops attack'd them with great vigour in their trenches, but that the former made a very good defence. *D P. C.*

Frankfort, Nov. 10. The laſt letters from Italy vary much, thoſe from Leghorn inſinuating, as if the Imperialiſts having attack'd the Rebels in their entrenchments at Veſcovado, they were beat off with the loſs of 2000 men kill'd, among them a Nephew of the Duke de Doria, and 700 taken priſoners; and thoſe from Genoa giving great hopes of an accommodation. *P.*

Hague, Nov. 11. We learn from Warſaw, that his Poliſh Majeſty arrived there on the 28th paſt, and had cauſed one Geisberg, ſaid to be Baron of Chevenon, to be ſeized at Offenbach, and clapt into irons, being accuſed of a deſign to attempt the King's life. *D P.* A noted Chymiſt. *D J.*

Hague, Nov. 16. N. S. It is confidently reported, that King Victor Amadeus has made his eſcape from his priſon at Rixoli; and that he is fled into France. *P.*

Vienna, Nov. 3. Orders are ſent to the commanding Officers of the Troops quarter'd in the Low Countries, along the Rhine and on the frontiers, to hold themſelves ready to march on the firſt notice, and to obſerve the motion of ſome neighbouring Troops, which 'tis pretended are aſſembled to the number of 22000. Letters from Conſtantinople take notice of another ſedition, which was ſoon appeaſed, upon which the Sultan has named a new Aga of the Janizaries, and a new Captain Baſhaw. *D P.*

Amſterdam, Nov. 16. They write from Moſcow, that the Princeſs Proſcovia, Siſter to the Czarina died there Oct. 19. And from Dreſden, that the Electoral Princeſs of Saxony was ſafely delivered of a Princeſs the 4th inſt. who was baptized by the name of Carolina. *C. P. D P.*

Moſcow, Oct. 3. The young Prince Nariskin, who was baniſhed to Siberia, when Prince Menzikoff was diſgraced, has been come from thence about a month, with the late Prince Menzikoff's ſon, and his Siſter who was betrothed to the late Czar Peter II. — No poſitive anſwer has been given to the Imperial Ambaſſador, as to her Czarian Majeſty's acceſſion to the Treaty of Vienna. —— Neither

Has the English Resident been able as yet to prevail with the Supreme Council to approve of the project he has presented to them for restoring the commerce of the 2 nations upon the old foot. *P.*

'Tis written from Seville the 26th ult. N. S. in a letter which came by an express, that one of the Galleons was arrived at Cadiz, and the rest were hourly expected there. And there came letters by the last French Mail from Bayonne, Bourdeaux, and Paris, which agree that by an express from Cadiz they had received advice of two Merchants ships belonging to the Galleons being arrived in the Bay of Bulls, and that three ships more of the Galleons had been seen off Cape Santa Maria. *DJ.*

WEDNESDAY, *Nov.* 10.

Hague, Nov. 7. Now it is known that king Charles Emanuel shewing some inclination to accede to the Treaty of Vienna, the Crown of France was the more disturbed at the apprehension of such a step of his Sardinian Majesty, in regard it is her essential interest to have the court of Savoy always her friend, as well to secure her Territories in Italy, as to favour any enterprize which she may think fit to undertake in that country. The Cardinal de Fleury therefore finding it impossible to fix the present King of Sardinia in his Master's interest, it is no wonder if he enter'd into the design of dethroning him and reinstating his Father, upon the latter's promise to comply with every thing he could desire. *P.*

Parma, Oct. 26. N. S. We are already making Preparations for the Dutchess Dowager's taking solemn possession of this Dutchy, upon S. Borromeo's day, in the name of the Spanish Infante: And her Highness has ordered new Medals to be struck, with the Effigies of the new Duke on one side, and this inscription, CAROLUS I. BORBONIUS-FARNESIUS, NOVUS DUX PARMÆ ET PLACENTIÆ; and on the reverse, a royal Crown upon a Carpet, with this device, MOX VENIET: Which medals are to be thrown among the people that Day. *P.*

BOOKS and PAMPHLETS published since our last.

4. The Historical Register, No. LXIII.

A new improvement of the theory of the moon: by Rob. Brown. Pr. 1 s.

5. Miscellaneous Observat. on Authors, No. IX. Pr. 6 d.

The Merry Thought, &c. Part II. Pr. 6 d.

6. The Political State of Great Britain; for October

An exact chronological History of the Popish Archbishops of Canterbury. Pr. 1 s.

An Enquiry whether the Christian Religion is of any advantage, &c.

The Gentleman's Magazine, Numb. X. Pr. 6 d.

9. The Parish Priest: a Poem upon a Clergyman lately deceased. Pr. 6 d.

A Paraphrase and Notes on St. Paul's I Epistle to the Thessalonians.

Le guide des Enfans. Pr. 6 d.

The Insufficiency of human reason in matters of Religion, &c. a Sermon at Oxford on Act Sunday: by Ben Bulkeley, D. D. Pr. 6 d.

10. The monthly Chronicle for October. Pr. 6 d.

On Tuesday Stocks were

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Baconi Opera, Vol. II. p. 463.
Sub titulo De Aug. Scientiar.

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